

Drainage Reports

PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR 10535 E SHAW BUTTE DRIVE

September 9, 2020



CLOUSE ENGINEERING, INC. JOB NO. 190908

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE #11-PP-2019

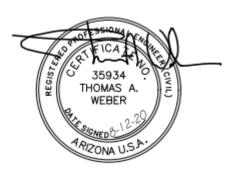
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE/SCOPE

10535 E SHAW BUTTE is a proposed 2 lot subdivision encompassing approximately 2.5 acres within the City of Scottsdale. The purpose of this report is to define current and proposed drainage conditions for the project site.

1.2 SITE LOCATION

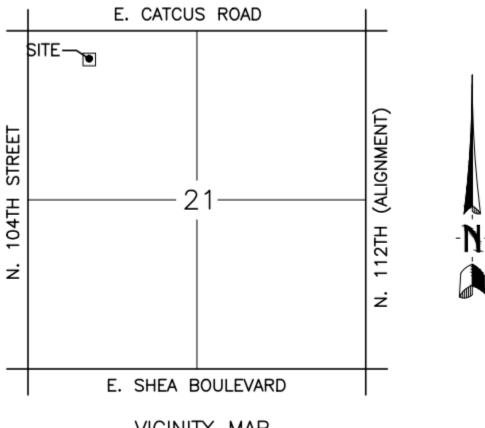
The proposed 2 lot subdivision is located within the City of Scottsdale and is located on the west side of 106th Street alignment and just south of Cactus Road. Legally the site lies in a portion of the S.W. ¼ of Section 21, T. 3N., R. 5E., G. & S. R. B. & M., Maricopa County, Arizona. Figure 1.1 illustrates the site's location.

1.3 SITE TOPOGRAPHY

The site is currently open desert rangeland with a single structure. The site drains to the southwest at an average slope of 2.90 percent.

1.4 F.I.R.M. Map

The single-family home is currently in Zone X and A, as established by the F.I.R.M. for Maricopa County Map Number 04013C1780-L with an effective date of October 16, 2013. Refer to Figure 1.2 for the location of the site on the F.I.R.M. map.



VICINITY MAP
SECTION 21, T. 3 N., R. 5 E.

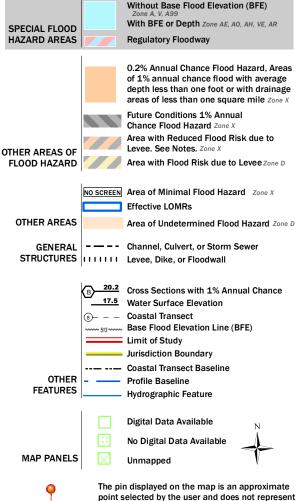
Figure 1.1 – Site Location

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

an authoritative property location.

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 12/17/2019 at 5:58:32 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



2.0 DRAINAGE CONCEPTS

2.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The project site is an existing two-acre single-family lot surrounded by existing single-family homes on all sides. The surrounding area consists of large residential homes with most historic drainage ways left in place. Runoff in the area travels from north to south, southwest collecting within the historic drainage ways. Homes to the north east of the site have provided recorded drainage ways and opening on their properties to allow historic flows to pass through. The properties to the south of the subject property have provided recorded drainage easements to allow runoff to cross into and out of the 106th Street alignment from east to west. Offsite runoff drains to the project site at the northeast, northwest, and southeast corners of the site. The flows that enter at the northeast corner of the site historically drain south within the 106th Street right of way in an existing unnamed wash. These flows are joined at the south east corner of the site by flows entering the same unnamed wash discharged from the Montagna Vistas subdivision. This combined flow continues south for a short distance before draining west to a drainage way within the Bella Montagna subdivision.

The flows that enter the site at the northwest corner of the site pass through the site in a poorly defined wash before entering the parcel to the immediately south of the site.

Runoff generated on the site historically has drained to both the southeast and southwest corners of the site based on existing topography. The property immediately to the west though has constructed masonry walls along their property line blocking the historical outfall for a portion of the site. The property to the south has a drainage easement dedicated to allow offsite flows to enter. The drainage easement is shown on the preliminary grading and drainage plan.

2.2 PROPOSED CONDITIONS

The developed site will consist of two single family home sites with the same zoning as is currently in place. Roadway improvements will be provided for 106th Street along with the Paradise Drive alignment. These improvements will include an all-weather road for both roadways. The historical offsite runoff will be conveyed on the east side of 106th Street along its

historical location. The offsite runoff will be conveyed in an engineered drainage channel. Further details on the drainage channel are provided in the HYDRAULICS section of the report.

The individual lots will be designed to drain north to south retaining the 100-year, 2-hour storm event on each of the individual lots. The finish floors on each of the lot will be set a minimum of 1-foot above the 100-year water surface. The ultimate outfall for the lots will be at the southeast corner of the property.

3.0 HYDROLOGY

3.1 OFFSITE

Offsite peak flows will be calculated using the Rational Method:

Q = c i A

Where:

Q = peak runoff (cfs) c = runoff coefficient

i = rainfall intensity (in/hr)

A = contributing drainage area (ac)

As previously mentioned, offsite runoff approaches the site from the north and enters the site along the north line of the site and the southeast corner of the site. The offsite flows draining to the site come primarily from upstream residential areas that have not provided retention. The offsite drainage areas are highlighted on the enclosed Offsite Drainage Map. A runoff coefficient of 0.60 was utilized for the 100-year flow calculation based on the County's Table 3.2 with a low-density residential coverage for the runoff area. Rainfall intensity was calculated utilizing the County's Time of Concentration (Tc) formula 3.2. Tables for the runoff coefficient and Intensity-Duration graphs are included in the Appendix for reference. Table 3.1 below summarizes the offsite runoff calculations.

Point of Conc.	Area (ac)	Runoff Coefficient	Time of Concentration	Rainfall Intensity	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
	(4.1)		(min)		(3-3)
A	28.67	0.60	7.5	6.38	109.7
В	14.10	0.60	7.5	6.38	54.0
С	4.40	0.60	5.0	7.60	20.1

Table 3.1 – Offsite Runoff Summary

3.2 PRE-& POST DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF CALCULATIONS

3.2.1 Pre-Development

The pre-development runoff from the site is calculated utilizing the Rational Calculations with a runoff coefficient of 0.50 for undeveloped desert rangeland and the County's Tc formula 3.2 A summary of the peak pre-development runoff is presented below.

Point of	Area	Runoff	Time of	Rainfall	Q ₁₀₀
Conc.		Coefficient	Concentration	Intensity	
	(ac)		(min)		(cfs)
Outfall	2.5	0.50	5	7.6	9.5

Table 3.2 – Offsite Runoff Summary

3.2.2 Post-Development

The post-development flows are based upon the Maricopa County design storm distributions as detailed in Section 2.4 of the Maricopa County Hydrology Manual. Specifically, the 100-year, 6-hour storm distribution was used utilizing Pattern 1 with a rainfall value of 2.8-inches for the specified rainfall event. A copy of the distribution mass curve and Isopluvial map are provided in the Appendix for reference.

Based on the storm distribution and mass curve, the rainfall volume generated for the site was calculated at 15-minute intervals and compared against the retention volume provided on the site. The peak rainfall intensity for post-development conditions would be the rainfall intensity remaining at the time the retention basins on-site were full. This peak rainfall intensity would be utilized to calculate the post-development runoff. A copy of these calculations are provided in the Appendix.

Table 3.3 below summarizes the peak flow calculations for the site. Additional calculations are provided in the Appendix.

Point of	Area	Runoff	Time of	Rainfall	Q ₁₀₀
Conc.		Coefficient	Concentration	Intensity	
	(ac)		(hours)		(cfs)
Outfall	2.5	0.60	3.92	2.96	4.44

Table 3.3 – Offsite Runoff Summary

Based upon the above calculations, the post-development flow discharged (4.44-cfs) is less than the pre-development flow (9.5cfs).

4.0 HYDRAULICS

4.1 DRAINAGE CHANNEL

The proposed development has existing runoff entering at the northeast corner of the site and draining south to an existing drainage opening on the west side of 106th Street. As a part of the improvements for this project, a drainage channel is proposed to convey the offsite flows along the east side of the project site in the same corridor as they currently flow. The channel will be designed with a maximum of 4:1 side slopes and a 2-foot bottom. The channel will collect flow that enter at the northeast and southeast corner of the site. Just south of the site, 106th Street will be designed to be one-way to allow flow to sheet across the road from east to west to enter the existing drainage way in the Bella Montagna subdivision.

4.2 HYDRAULIC MODELS

A total of two hydraulic models were examined for this project site – the existing conditions based on existing topography and the revised conditions based on the proposed construction for the site. These models and the information on which they are based is presented below.

4.2.1 BASIS OF HORITZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUMS

The project site is located within the City of Scottsdale, AZ and is located on the NAVD 88 vertical datum. More specifically, a 3" City of Scottsdale Brass Cap flush marking the north ¼ corner of section 21, T 3N, R 5E at the intersection of 108^{th} Street and Cactus Road with a NAVD88 Elevation of 1458.39 was utilized. Horizontally, the site is located on the NAD83 State Plane Coordinate System for Central Arizona. This is the same horizontal datum that has been utilized by the previous flood study for this area.

4.2.2 TOPOGRAPHIC WORK MAP

The project site topography for the existing conditions was generated by a field survey utilizing GPS equipment and the above basis of bearings. The topography was generated with 1-foot contours and an accuracy of \pm 0.10-feet.

4.2.3 HEC-RAS MODELING

Modeling of both the existing and proposed conditions models was done utilizing HEC-RAS software version 5.0.6 on Windows operating system 10 professional. Data input to the HEC-RAS program was accomplished by importing geo-referenced cross-section and thalweg information that was generated from AutoCAD Civil 3d 2018 surface models of the existing and proposed conditions of the site. Additionally, geo-referenced shape files of the existing and revised conditions generated by Civil 3d were inputted to HEC-RAS so that the exact limits of inundation could be determined.

HEC-RAS modeling utilized the above referenced sections and thalweg information and the flow determined in Section 3.1 above. A manning's roughness of 0.030 was utilized for both models. After the models run, the inundation limits of the models were generated utilizing the shape files from Civil 3d along with the HEC-Mapper program within HEC-RAS. The generated inundation limits were then export out and into the respective existing and proposed conditions civil 3d work maps. A copy of the existing and proposed conditions work maps are attached along with reports of both models. A summary of both models are provided in Table 4.1 below comparing the water surface between the pre- and post-development conditions.

	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION							
RIVER STATION		(ft)						
	Pre-Development	Difference						
14+69.95	1432.61	1431.71	-1.00					
14+18.20	1430.87	1430.36	-0.51					
13+43.59	1428.79	1427.39	-1.40					
12+90.88	1427.28	1426.66	-0.62					
11+84.70	1424.87	1424.41	-0.46					
11+40.58	1424.53	1424.03	-0.50					
10+79.35	1423.86	1423.15	-0.71					

Table 4.1 – 100-Year Water Surface Elevations

5.0 RETENTION

The required retention volume for each lot is calculated using the following formula:

$$V = \frac{D}{12} A C$$

Where:

 V_r = Require Retention Volume (ac-ft)

C = Runoff Coefficient (0.61 per DSPM Chapter 4, R1-43 Zoning)

D = 100-year, 2-hour rainfall depth (2.3-in/hr per County Manual)

A = Drainage Area (ac)

Tables 5.1 and 5.2 summarize the retention volumes required and provided for each of the two lots apart of the project.

Drainage Land Use		Area	i	"C"	Volume Required
Area		(ft2)	(inches)		(ft^3)
Lot 1	R1-43	45,934	2.3	0.61	5,371
Lot 2	R1-43	45,693	2.3	0.61	5,342
	TOTAL	91,627			10,713

Table 5.1 – Retention Volume Required

Retention for each lot will be provided on the south side of each lot within a designated drainage easement. Each basin will be 0.5-feet in depth with 4:1 side slopes on all sides. Per the DSPM, percolation tests are not required on basins 6-inches in depth or less. Table 5.2 below summarizes the retention volume provided for each lot.

Drainage	Basin	Average	Average	Volume	Volume
Area		Area	Depth	Provided	Required
		(ft)	(ft)		
				(ft^3)	(ft^3)
Lot 1	A	1,575.0	0.5	787.5	
	В	9,236.0	0.5	4,618	
			Sub-Total	5,405.5	5,251
.Lot 2	A	2,421.0	0.5	1,210.5	
	В	9,123.0	0.5	4,561.5	
			Sub-Total	5,772.0	5,342
		TOTAL		11,177.5	10,713

Table 5.1 – Retention Volume Provided

6.0 REFERENCES

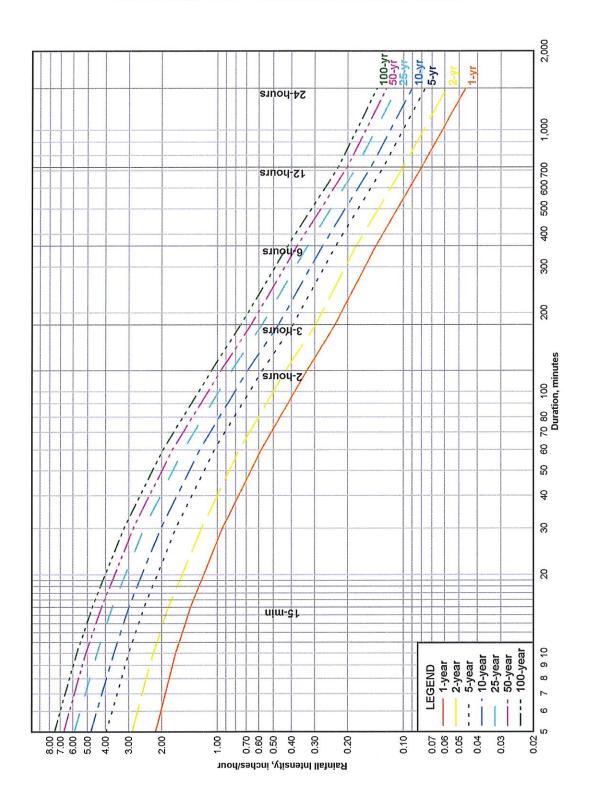
City of Scottsdale, Design Standards & Principals Manual - Chapter 4, 2018

Flood Control District of Maricopa County, <u>Pinnacle Peak West ADMS Fans 5 and 6</u> Redelineation Study, January 2018.

Arizona Department of Water Resources, <u>State Standard for Watercourse System Sediment Balance (ADWR 5-96)</u>, September 1996.



Figure B.2
NOAA ATLAS 14 I-D-F CURVES AT PHOENIX-SKY HARBOR



The Rational Equation is based on the concept that the application of a steady, uniform rainfall intensity will produce a peak discharge at such a time when all points of the watershed are contributing to the outflow at the point of design. Such a condition is met when the elapsed time is equal to the time of concentration, T_c , which is defined to be the floodwave travel time from the most remote part of the watershed to the point of design. The time of concentration should be computed by applying the following equation developed by Papadakis and Kazan (1987):

$$T_c = 11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}i^{-0.38} (3.2)$$

where:

 T_c = time of concentration, in hours.

L = length of the longest flow path, in miles.

 K_b = watershed resistance coefficient (see <u>Table 3.1</u> or <u>Figure 3.1</u>).

S = watercourse slope, in feet/mile.

i = rainfall intensity, in inches/hour.*

*It should be noted that *i* is the "rainfall excess intensity" as originally developed. However, when used in the Rational Equation, rainfall intensity and rainfall excess intensity provide similar values because the hydrologic characteristics of small, urban watersheds result in minimal rainfall loss. This is due to the extent of imperviousness associated with urban watersheds and to the fact that the time of concentration is usually very short.

Rational Method runoff coefficients for land uses are provided in <u>Table 3.2</u>.

Table 3.2
RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR MARICOPA COUNTY

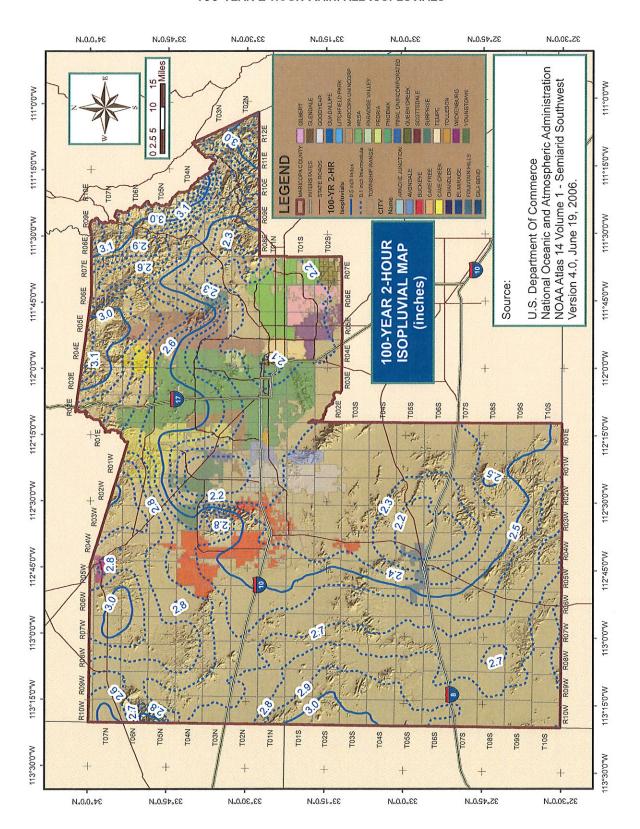
			Runoff	Coeffic	cients b	y Storm	Freque	ncy ^{1, 2}		
Land Use		2-10	Year	25 \	Year	50 Y	⁄ear	100	100 Year	
Code	Land Use Category	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	
VLDR	Very Low Density Residential ^{3, 4}	0.33	0.42	0.36	0.46	0.40	0.50	0.41	0.53	
LDR	Low Density Residential ^{3, 4}	0.42	0.48	0.46	0.53	0.50	0.58	0.53	0.60	
MDR	Medium Density Residential ^{3, 4}	0.48	0.65	0.53	0.72	0.58	0.78	0.60	0.82	
MFR	Multiple Family Residential ^{3, 4}	0.65	0.75	0.72	0.83	0.78	0.90	0.82	0.94	
11	Industrial 1 ³	0.60	0.70	0.66	0.77	0.72	0.84	0.75	0.88	
12	Industrial 2 ³	0.70	0.80	0.77	0.88	0.84	0.95	0.88	0.95	
C1	Commercial 1 ³	0.55	0.65	0.61	0.72	0.66	0.78	0.69	0.81	
C2	Commercial 2 ³	0.75	0.85	0.83	0.94	0.90	0.95	0.94	0.95	
Р	Pavement and Rooftops	0.75	0.85	0.83	0.94	0.90	0.95	0.94	0.95	
GR	Gravel Roadways & Shoulders	0.60	0.70	0.66	0.77	0.72	0.84	0.75	0.88	
AG	Agricultural	0.10	0.20	0.11	0.22	0.12	0.24	0.13	0.25	
LPC1	Lawns/Parks/Cemeteries (s<5)	0.10	0.25	0.11	0.28	0.12	0.30	0.13	0.31	
LPC2	Lawns/Parks/Cemeteries (s>5)	0.25	0.40	0.28	0.44	0.30	0.48	0.31	0.50	
DL1	Desert Landscaping 1	0.55	0.85	0.61	0.94	0.66	0.95	0.69	0.95	
DL2	Desert Landscaping 2	0.30	0.40	0.33	0.44	0.36	0.48	0.38	0.50	
NDR	Undeveloped Desert Rangeland	0.30	0.40	0.33	0.44	0.36	0.48	0.38	0.50	
NHS	Hillslopes, Sonoran Desert	0.40	0.55	0.44	0.61	0.48	0.66	0.50	0.69	
NMT	Mountain Terrain	0.55	0.80	0.61	0.88	0.66	0.95	0.69	0.95	

Notes:

- 1. Runoff coefficients for 25-, 50- and 100-Year storm frequencies were derived using adjustment factors of 1.10, 1.20 and 1.25, respectively, applied to the 2-10 Year values with an upper limit of 0.95.
- The ranges of runoff coefficients shown for urban land uses were derived from lot coverage standards specified in the zoning ordinances for Maricopa County.
- 3. Runoff coefficients for urban land uses are for lot coverage only and do not include the adjacent street and right-of-way, or alleys.
- 4, Values are based on the NDR terrain class. Values should be increased for NHS and NMT terrain classes by the difference between NHS (or NMT) and the NDR C values, up to a maximum of 0.95. Engineering judgement should be used.
- 5. Maricopa County has adopted specific values of C for each land use and storm frequency in the Drainage Policies and Standards for Maricopa County, Arizona (Maricopa County, 2007). These are the standard default values. The engineer/hydrologist may develop a computed composite value of C based on actual land uses, but must fully document the computations and assumptions and submit them to Maricopa County for approval. Many jurisdictions in Maricopa County may have adopted specific C coefficient values and procedures. The user should check with the appropriate agency before proceeding.

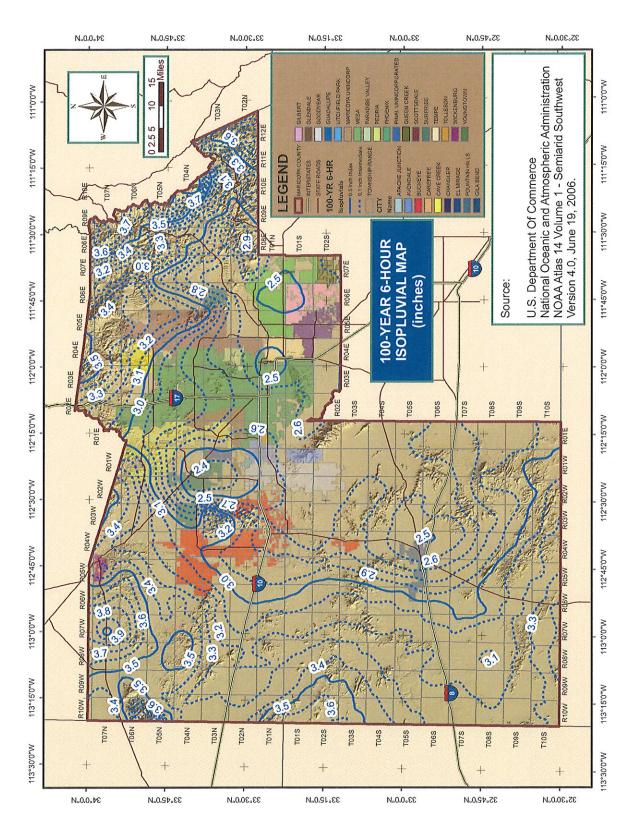
June 14, 2010 3-5

FIGURE A.56
100-YEAR 2-HOUR RAINFALL ISOPLUVIALS



November 18, 2009 A-57

FIGURE A.58
100-YEAR 6-HOUR RAINFALL ISOPLUVIALS



November 18, 2009 A-59

2.4.2 6-hour Storm Distribution

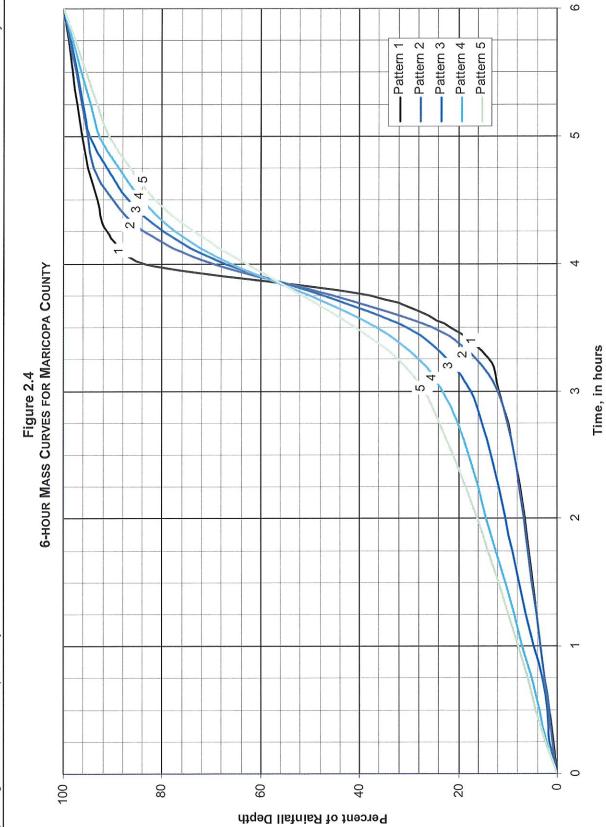
The 6-hour storm distributions are used for flood studies and design of stormwater drainage facilities in Maricopa County of drainage areas less than 20 square miles, except for on-site stormwater storage facilities (see *Policies and Standards Manual*). These distributions would also be used for drainage areas larger than 20 square miles and smaller than 100 square miles by critically centering the storm over all or portions of the drainage area to estimate the peak flood discharges that could be realized on such watersheds due to the occurrence of a local storm over the watershed.

The Maricopa County 6-hour local storm distributions consist of five dimensionless storm patterns. Pattern No. 1 represents the rainfall intensities that can be expected in the "eye" of a local storm. These high, short-duration rainfall intensities would only occur over a relatively small area near the center of the storm cell. Pattern No. 1 is an offset, dimensionless form of the hypothetical distribution derived from rainfall statistics found in the NOAA Atlas for the Western United States, Arizona (Miller et al. 1973) and Arkell and Richards (1986) for the Phoenix Sky Harbor Airport location. Pattern Numbers 2 through 5 are modifications of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (1974) analysis of the Queen Creek storm of 19 August 1954. The dimensionless form of these 6-hour storm distributions are shown in and Table 2.4.

Inspection of the storm patterns indicates that the peak rainfall intensities are much greater for Pattern No. 1 than for the other pattern numbers, and that peak rainfall intensity decreases as the pattern number increases. The selection of the pattern number is based on the size of the drainage area under consideration, as shown in Figure 2.5. As illustrated by Figure 2.5, the maximum rainfall intensities, averaged over the entire drainage area, decrease as the size of the drainage area increases. This is to account for the spatial variability of local storm rainfall wherein the maximum rainfall intensities occur at the relatively small eye of the storm but that the average rainfall intensities over the storm area decrease as the storm area increases.

Table 2.4 6-Hour Distributions

	Percent of Rainfall Depth							
Time, in hours	Pattern 1	Pattern 2	Pattern 3	Pattern 4	Pattern 5			
0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
0.25	0.8	0.9	1.5	2.1	2.4			
0.50	1.6	1.6	2.0	3.5	4.3			
0.75	2.5	2.5	3.0	5.1	5.9			
1.00	3.3	3.4	4.8	7.1	7.8			
1.25	4.1	4.2	6.3	8.7	9.8			
1.50	5.0	5.1	7.6	10.5	11.9			
1.75	5.8	5.9	9.0	12.5	14.1			
2.00	6.6	6.7	10.5	14.3	16.2			
2.25	7.4	7.6	11.9	16.0	18.6			
2.50	8.7	8.7	13.5	17.9	21.2			
2.75	9.9	10.0	15.2	20.1	23.9			
3.00	11.8	12.0	17.5	23.2	27.1			
3.25	13.8	16.3	22.2	28.1	32.1			
3.50	21.6	25.2	30.4	36.4	40.8			
3.75	37.7	45.1	47.2	50.0	51.5			
4.00	83.4	69.4	67.0	65.8	62.7			
4.25	91.1	83.7	79.6	77.3	73.5			
4.50	93.1	90.0	86.8	84.1	81.4			
4.75	95.0	93.8	91.2	88.8	86.4			
5.00	96.2	95.0	94.6	92.7	90.7			
5.25	97.2	96.3	96.0	94.5	93.0			
5.50	98.3	97.5	97.3	96.4	95.4			
5.75	99.1	98.8	98.7	98.2	97.7			
6.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			



2-14

February 10, 2011

RATIONAL CALCULATIONS (190908)

Q=CiA

Tc = 11.4LKb^0.52S^-0.31i^-0.38

POINT OF CONC.		С	Α	i	L	Kb	S	Tc	Q
			(ac)	(in/hr)	(mi)		(ft/mi)	(min)	(cfs)
	Α	0.6	28.67	6.38	0.45	0.060	143	7.5	109.7
	В	0.6	14.10	6.38	0.45	0.064	164	7.5	53.9
	С	0.6	4.40	7.60	0.17	0.071	164	5.0	20.1

PRE-DEVELOPMENT RATIONAL CALCULATIONS (190908)

Q=CiA

Tc = 11.4LKb^0.52S^-0.31i^-0.38

POINT OF CONC.	С	Α	i	L	Kb	S	Tc	Q
		(AC)		(miles)		(ft/mile)	(min)	(cfs)
OUTFALL	0.5	2.50	7.60	0.07	0.075	175	5.0	9.5

Post Development Peak Runoff

Rainfall		
Amount =	2.80	inches
Total Area =	2.50	acres
C =	0.60	
Site Ret'n		
Volume =	11,364.3	cf

					Cummulative		
Time	Rainfall Depth	Rainfall Amount	Rainfall Intensity	Runoff Volume	Runoff Volume		
(Hours)	(%)	(inches)	(in/hr)	(ft ³)	(ft ³)		
0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
0.25	0.80%	0.02	0.09	121.97	121.97		
0.50	1.60%	0.04	0.09	121.97	243.94		
0.75	2.50%	0.07	0.10	137.21	381.15		
1.00	3.30%	0.09	0.09	121.97	503.12		
1.25	4.10%	0.11	0.09	121.97	625.09		
1.50	5.00%	0.14	0.10	137.21	762.30		
1.75	5.80%	0.16	0.09	121.97	884.27		
2.00	6.60%	0.18	0.09	121.97	1,006.24		
2.25	7.40%	0.21	0.09	121.97	1,128.20		
2.50	8.70%	0.24	0.15	198.20	1,326.40		
2.75	9.90%	0.28	0.13	182.95	1,509.35		
3.00	11.80%	0.33	0.21	289.67	1,799.03		
3.25	13.80%	0.39	0.22	304.92	2,103.95		
3.50	21.60%	0.60	0.87	1,189.19	3,293.14		
3.75	37.70%	1.06	1.80	2,454.61	5,747.74		
3.92	75.00%	2.10	6.13	5,686.76	11,434.50	11,364.30	74.54%
4.00	83.40%	2.34	2.96	1,280.66	12,715.16		
4.25	91.10%	2.55	0.86	1,173.94	13,889.11		
4.50	93.10%	2.61	0.22	304.92	14,194.03		
4.75	95.00%	2.66	0.21	289.67	14,483.70		
5.00	96.20%	2.69	0.13	182.95	14,666.65		
5.25	97.20%	2.72	0.11	152.46	14,819.11		
5.50	98.30%	2.75	0.12	167.71	14,986.82		
5.75	99.10%	2.77	0.09	121.97	15,108.79		
6.00	100.00%	2.80	0.10	137.21	15,246.00		

Peak Flow = $2.5 \times 0.60 \times 2.96 = 4.44$

HEC-RAS HEC-RAS 5.0.6 November 2018 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center 609 Second Street

Davis, California

Χ	Χ	XXXXXX	XX	XX		XX	XX	X	X	XXXX
X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X
XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	X		XXX	XX	XX	XXX	XXX	XXXX
Χ	X	X	X			X	Χ	X	X	X
Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X		Χ	Χ	X	Χ	X
Χ	Χ	XXXXXX	XX	XX		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	XXXXX

PROJECT DATA

Project Title: EXISTING Project File : EXISTING.prj

Run Date and Time: 5/5/2020 10:54:15 AM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: Plan 02

Plan File: k:\TWeber\190908\EXISTING.p02

Geometry Title: EXISTING UPDATE

Geometry File : k:\TWeber\190908\EXISTING.g02

Flow Title : EXISTING

Flow File : k:\TWeber\190908\EXISTING.f01

Plan Summary Information:

Number of: Cross Sections = 7 Multiple Openings = 0 Culverts = 0 Inline Structures = 0Bridges = 0 Lateral Structures =

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01 Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01 Maximum number of iterations = 20= 0.3 Maximum difference tolerance = 0.001 Flow tolerance factor

Computation Options

Critical depth computed only where necessary

Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only

Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance Computational Flow Regime: Mixed Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: EXISTING

Flow File: k:\TWeber\190908\EXISTING.f01

Flow Data (cfs)

River Reach
THALWAG
THALWAG
THALWAG RS 1469.95 1184.7 PF 1 54 54 THALWAG THALWAG 1140.58 163.7

Boundary Conditions

River Reach Profile Upstream

Downstream

Normal S = 0.03THALWAG THALWAG PF 1

Normal S = 0.03

GEOMETRY DATA

Geometry Title: EXISTING UPDATE

Geometry File: k:\TWeber\190908\EXISTING.g02

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: THALWAG

RS: 1469.95 REACH: THALWAG

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 13

Sta Elev Sta Ele

Manning's n Values num=

ng's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 0 .035 55.4 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 0 55.4 51.75 51.75 51.75 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft) 1433.20 Element Left OB Channel Right OB 0.58 Wt. n-Val. Vel Head (ft) 0.035 51.75 W.S. Elev (ft) 1432.61 Reach Len. (ft) 51.75 51.75 Crit W.S. (ft) 1432.85 Flow Area (sq ft) 8.81

E.G. Slope (ft/ft) Q Total (cfs) Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) Min Ch El (ft) Alpha Frctn Loss (ft) 0.05 C & E Loss (ft) 0.08	0.030002 54.00 11.13 6.13 1.60 311.8 51.75 1431.01 1.00 1.77 0.01	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft) Shear (lb/sq ft) Stream Power (lb/ft s) Cum Volume (acre-ft)	8.81 54.00 11.13 6.13 0.79 311.8 11.58 1.42 8.73 0.23
CROSS SECTION			
RIVER: THALWAG REACH: THALWAG	RS: 1418.	.2	
38.35 1431.27 48.01 54.72 1429.35 62.59 Manning's n Values	Elev 1432.62 1430.72 1431.56 num=	Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta 2.7 1432.6 6.51 1432.56 30.85 1 49.37 1430.68 53.89 1429.57 54.32 1 62.99 1431.67 64.43 1431.65	431.52
0 0	.035	64.43 .035	_
Bank Sta: Left Right 0 64.43		Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. 51.75 51.75 .1	Expan.
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	ofile #PF 1	1	
E.G. Elev (ft) Channel Right OB	1431.42	Element Left OB	
Vel Head (ft) W.S. Elev (ft) 51.75	0.56 1430.87		0.035 51.75
Crit W.S. (ft) E.G. Slope (ft/ft) Q Total (cfs) Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) Min Ch El (ft) Alpha Frctn Loss (ft) 0.05	1431.03 0.039334 54.00 14.69 5.98 1.52 272.3 51.75 1429.35 1.00 2.11	Area (sq ft) Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft) Shear (lb/sq ft) Stream Power (lb/ft s)	9.02 9.02 54.00 14.69 5.98 0.61 272.3 15.06 1.47 8.80 0.22
C & E Loss (ft) 0.08	0.01	Cum SA (acres)	0.26

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: THALWAG

REACH: THALWAG RS: 1343.59

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 13

Sta Elev Sta Ele

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 0 .035 54.03 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 0 54.03 74.61 74.61 74.61 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1429.31	Element	Left OB	
Channel Right OB				
Vel Head (ft)	0.52	Wt. n-Val.		0.035
W.S. Elev (ft)	1428.79	Reach Len. (ft)	74.61	74.61
74.61				
Crit W.S. (ft)	1428.95	Flow Area (sq ft)		9.34
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.042357	Area (sq ft)		9.34
Q Total (cfs)	54.00	Flow (cfs)		54.00
Top Width (ft)	17.11	Top Width (ft)		17.11
Vel Total (ft/s)	5.78	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		5.78
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	1.30	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.55
Conv. Total (cfs)	262.4	Conv. (cfs)		262.4
Length Wtd. (ft)	74.61	Wetted Per. (ft)		17.34
Min Ch El (ft)	1427.49	Shear (lb/sq ft)		1.42
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		8.24
Frctn Loss (ft)	1.65	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.21
0.05				
C & E Loss (ft)	0.00	Cum SA (acres)		0.25
0.08				

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: THALWAG

REACH: THALWAG RS: 1290.88

INPUT

Description:

 Station Elevation Data
 num=
 17

 Sta
 Elev
 Sta

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 0 .035 51.27 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 0 51.27 52.71 52.71 52.71 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft) Channel Right OB	1427.57	Element	Left OB	
	0.29	Wt. n-Val.		0.035
W.S. Elev (ft)	1427.28	Reach Len. (ft)	52.71	52.71
52.71				
Crit W.S. (ft)	1427.28	Flow Area (sq ft)		12.44
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.022131	Area (sq ft)		12.44
Q Total (cfs)	54.00	Flow (cfs)		54.00
Top Width (ft)	21.65	Top Width (ft)		21.65
Vel Total (ft/s)	4.34	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		4.34
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	1.25	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.57
Conv. Total (cfs)	363.0	Conv. (cfs)		363.0
Length Wtd. (ft)	52.71	Wetted Per. (ft)		21.85
Min Ch El (ft)	1426.03	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.79
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		3.41
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.07	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.19
0.05				
C & E Loss (ft)	0.08	Cum SA (acres)		0.21
0.08				

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical

depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than $1.0 \, \text{ft} \, (0.3 \, \text{m})$. between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated

water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: THALWAG

REACH: THALWAG RS: 1184.7

INPUT

Description:

Station E	Elevation	Data	num=	15					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	1427.41	.03	1427.41	7	1427	18.7	1427	21.28	1426.8
34.02	1424.02	41.29	1423.59	43.96	1423.61	53.74	1423.72	59.95	1423.96
69.85	1423.95	79.63	1424.51	83.86	1424.33	100.33	1424.14	111.55	1423.96

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 0 .035 79.63 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 0 79.63 106.18 106.18 106.18 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1424.88	Element	Left OB	
Channel Right OB Vel Head (ft) 0.035	0.01	Wt. n-Val.		0.035
W.S. Elev (ft) 106.18	1424.87	Reach Len. (ft)	106.18	106.18
	1424.21	Flow Area (sq ft)		46.30
	0.000442	Area (sq ft)		46.30
Q Total (cfs) 14.55	54.00	Flow (cfs)		39.45
Top Width (ft) 31.92	81.43	Top Width (ft)		49.51
Vel Total (ft/s) 0.67	0.80	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		0.85
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	1.28	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.94
Conv. Total (cfs)	2568.7	Conv. (cfs)		1876.7
Length Wtd. (ft) 32.84	106.18	Wetted Per. (ft)		49.63
Min Ch El (ft) 0.02	1423.59	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.03
Alpha 0.01	1.03	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		0.02
Frctn Loss (ft) 0.04	0.21	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.16
C & E Loss (ft) 0.06	0.01	Cum SA (acres)		0.17

Warning: The cross-section end points had to be extended vertically for the computed water surface.

Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: THALWAG

REACH: THALWAG RS: 1140.58

INPUT Description: Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta 0 1427.07 3.52 44.44 1423.62 46.36 81.57 1424.08 94.88	Elev 1427 1 1423.52 5	Sta Elev 4.56 1427	28.76	1425.34	35.47	1423.94
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 0	n Val	3 Sta n Val 1.57 .035				
Bank Sta: Left Right 0 81.57	Lengths: Lengths: 44	eft Channel .12 44.12	Right 44.12	Coeff	Contr.	
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	ofile #PF 1					
E.G. Elev (ft)	1424.66	Element		Le	eft OB	
Channel Right OB Vel Head (ft)	0.13	Wt. n-Val.				0.035
0.035 W.S. Elev (ft)	1424.53	Reach Len.	(ft)	4	44.12	44.12
44.12 Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)			49.63
7.35 E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.004948	Area (sq ft	.)			49.63
7.35 Q Total (cfs)	163.70	Flow (cfs)				149.41
14.29 Top Width (ft)	62.22	Top Width (ft)			48.91
13.31 Vel Total (ft/s)	2.87	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)			3.01
1.95 Max Chl Dpth (ft)	1.69	Hydr. Depth	(ft)			1.01
0.55 Conv. Total (cfs)						2124.1
203.2						
Length Wtd. (ft) 13.97	44.12	Wetted Per.				49.04
Min Ch El (ft) 0.16	1422.84	Shear (lb/s	q ft)			0.31
Alpha 0.32	1.04	Stream Powe	er (lb/ft	s)		0.94
0.54		_	_			

Warning: The cross-section end points had to be extended vertically for the computed water surface.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

0.02 Cum SA (acres)

Frctn Loss (ft) 0.40 Cum Volume (acre-ft)

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

0.04

0.05

CROSS SECTION

C & E Loss (ft)

0.00

0.01

RIVER: THALWAG

REACH: THALWAG RS: 1079.35

INPUT

Description:

 Station Elevation Data
 num=
 17

 Sta Elev
 Sta Elev
 Sta Elev
 Sta Elev
 Sta Elev

 0 1425.59
 9.01
 1424.8
 16.06 1424.19
 18.27 1424.04
 32.28 1423.46

 45.27
 1423.6
 50.26
 1423.7
 57.79 1422.07
 60.21 1421.55
 63.09 1422.02

 65.75
 1422.46
 68.51
 1423.2
 71.22 1424.23
 78.72 1424.72
 89.64 1424.67

 96.21
 1424.49
 101.69
 1424.4

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 0 .035 78.72 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 0 78.72 61.23 61.23 61.23 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1424.24	Element	Left OB
Channel Right OB			
Vel Head (ft)	0.37	Wt. n-Val.	0.035
W.S. Elev (ft)	1423.86	Reach Len. (ft)	
Crit W.S. (ft)	1423.86	Flow Area (sq ft)	33.37
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.021809	Area (sq ft)	33.37
Q Total (cfs)	163.70	Flow (cfs)	163.70
Top Width (ft)	47.68	Top Width (ft)	47.68
Vel Total (ft/s)	4.91	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	4.91
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	2.31	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0.70
Conv. Total (cfs)	1108.5	Conv. (cfs)	1108.5
Length Wtd. (ft)		Wetted Per. (ft)	48.22
Min Ch El (ft)	1421.55	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.94
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	4.62
Frctn Loss (ft)		Cum Volume (acre-ft)	
C & E Loss (ft)		Cum SA (acres)	

Warning: Slope too steep for slope area to converge during supercritical flow calculations (normal depth is below critical depth). Water surface set to critical depth.

Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1

Reach W.S. E.G.	River Sta Elev E.G. Sl	Profile Lope Vel Ch			
(ft)	(ft) (ft/	'ft) (ft/	s) (sq f	t) (ft)
THALWAG 1432.85 1.21	1469.95 1433.20 0.	PF 1	54.00 6.13	1431.01 8.81	1432.61 11.13
THALWAG	1418.2	PF 1		1429.35	1430.87
1431.03 1.35	1431.42 0.	.039334	5.98	9.02	14.69
THALWAG 1428.95 1.38	1343.59 1429.31 0.	PF 1 .042357	54.00 5.78	1427.49 9.34	1428.79 17.11

THALWAG	1290.88	PF	1	54.00	1426.03	1427.28
1427.28	1427.57	0.022131		4.34	12.44	21.65
1.01						
THALWAG	1184.7	PF	1	54.00	1423.59	1424.87
1424.21	1424.88	0.000442		0.85	67.87	81.43
0.16						
THALWAG	1140.58	PF	1	163.70	1422.84	1424.53
1424.66	0.004948	3.01		56.98	62.22	0.53
THALWAG	1079.35	PF	1	163.70	1421.55	1423.86
1423.86	1424.24	0.021809		4.91	33.37	47.68
1.03						

ERRORS WARNINGS AND NOTES

Errors Warnings and Notes for Plan : Plan 02

River: THALWAG Reach: THALWAG RS: 1418.2 Profile: PF 1

Warning: The energy loss was greater than $1.0~{\rm ft}~(0.3~{\rm m})$. between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

River: THALWAG Reach: THALWAG RS: 1343.59 Profile: PF 1

Warning: The energy loss was greater than $1.0~{\rm ft}~(0.3~{\rm m})$. between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

River: THALWAG Reach: THALWAG RS: 1290.88 Profile: PF 1

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth

for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4.

This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Warning:During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated

water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The

program defaulted to critical depth.

River: THALWAG Reach: THALWAG RS: 1184.7 Profile: PF 1

Warning: The cross-section end points had to be extended vertically for the computed water surface.

Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

River: THALWAG Reach: THALWAG RS: 1140.58 Profile: PF 1

Warning: The cross-section end points had to be extended vertically for the computed water surface.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4.

This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

River: THALWAG Reach: THALWAG RS: 1079.35 Profile: PF 1

Warning:Slope too steep for slope area to converge during supercritical flow calculations (normal depth is below critical

depth). Water surface set to critical depth.

HEC-RAS HEC-RAS 5.0.6 November 2018 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center 609 Second Street

Davis, California

X	Х	XXXXXX	ХХ	XX		ХХ	XX	Х	XX	XXXX
Χ	Χ	X	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Χ	Χ	X	Χ			Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
XXX	XXXX	XXXX	X		XXX	XX	XX	XXX	XXX	XXXX
Χ	Χ	X	X			Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х
Χ	Χ	X	X	Χ		Х	X	Χ	Χ	Х
Χ	Χ	XXXXXX	XX	XX		Х	Х	Χ	Χ	XXXXX

PROJECT DATA

Project Title: PROP_8-12-20
Project File : PROP_8-12-20.prj

Run Date and Time: 9/9/2020 10:55:06 AM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: Plan 02

Plan File : k:\TWeber\190908\PROP_8-12-20.p02

Geometry Title: Geom 01

Geometry File : k:\TWeber\190908\PROP_8-12-20.g01

Flow Title : Flow 01

Flow File : k:\TWeber\190908\PROP_8-12-20.f01

Plan Summary Information:

Number of: Cross Sections = 7 Multiple Openings = 0

Culverts = 0 Inline Structures = 0 Bridges = 0 Lateral Structures = 0

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01
Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01
Maximum number of iterations = 20
Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3
Flow tolerance factor = 0.001

Computation Options

Critical depth computed only where necessary

Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only

Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance Computational Flow Regime: Subcritical Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: Flow 01

Flow File : k:\TWeber\190908\PROP_8-12-20.f01

Flow Data (cfs)

River Reach RS PF 1
FINISHED SURFACETHALWAG 8-12-20 1469.95 54
FINISHED SURFACETHALWAG 8-12-20 1140.78 163.7

Boundary Conditions

River Reach Profile Upstream Downstream

FINISHED SURFACETHALWAG 8-12-20 PF 1 Normal S = 0.023 Normal S = 0.023

GEOMETRY DATA

Geometry Title: Geom 01

Geometry File: k:\TWeber\190908\PROP_8-12-20.g01

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE

REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20 RS: 1469.95

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 12
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

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16.5 1431.5 111 1431.75

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 0 .035 0 .03 111 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

0 111 51.75 51.75 51.75 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1431.83	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.12	Wt. n-Val.		0.030	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1431.71	Reach Len. (ft)	51.75	51.75	51.75
Crit W.S. (ft)	1431.71	Flow Area (sq ft)		19.39	
<pre>E.G. Slope (ft/ft)</pre>	0.026313	Area (sq ft)		19.39	
Q Total (cfs)	54.00	Flow (cfs)		54.00	
Top Width (ft)	94.79	Top Width (ft)		94.79	
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.78	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		2.78	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	1.24	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.20	
Conv. Total (cfs)	332.9	Conv. (cfs)		332.9	
Length Wtd. (ft)	51.75	Wetted Per. (ft)		95.07	
Min Ch El (ft)	1430.47	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.34	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		0.93	
Frctn Loss (ft)	1.27	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.29	
C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	Cum SA (acres)		0.71	

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical

depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated

water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The

program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE

REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20 RS: 1418.2

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 10

Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev 6.07 1429.21 1430 0 1431.14 1431 1.13 1430.74 . 34 2.96 127 1430.4 6.91 1429.19 7.48 1429.19 8.26 1429.21 14 1430.1

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .035 0 .03 127 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

0 127 74.61 74.61 74.61 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1430.46	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.10	Wt. n-Val.		0.030	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1430.36	Reach Len. (ft)	74.61	74.61	74.61
Crit W.S. (ft)	1430.36	Flow Area (sq ft)		21.27	
<pre>E.G. Slope (ft/ft)</pre>	0.022958	Area (sq ft)		21.27	
Q Total (cfs)	54.00	Flow (cfs)		54.00	
Top Width (ft)	107.91	Top Width (ft)		107.91	
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.54	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		2.54	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	1.16	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.20	
Conv. Total (cfs)	356.4	Conv. (cfs)		356.4	
Length Wtd. (ft)	74.61	Wetted Per. (ft)		108.15	
Min Ch El (ft)	1429.19	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.28	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		0.72	
Frctn Loss (ft)	1.02	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.26	
C & E Loss (ft)	0.00	Cum SA (acres)		0.59	

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical

depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated

water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The

program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE

REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20 RS: 1343.59

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 22

36.28 1428.1 51.38	Elev Sta 1428 6.56 1 1427.4 12.19 1 1428 53.82 1 1426.73 60.36 1430	.427.41 14.5 .428.07 54.12	1428.1 24.56	1427.15 1428.35 1427.95	
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .035 0	num= 3 n Val Sta .03 130	n Val .035			
Bank Sta: Left Right 0 130	Lengths: Left Ch 52.71	annel Right 52.71 52.71	Coeff Contr. .1	Expan. .3	
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	file #PF 1				
E.G. Elev (ft) Vel Head (ft) W.S. Elev (ft)		nent n-Val. h Len. (ft)	Left OB 52.71	Channel 0.030 52.71	Right OB 52.71
Crit W.S. (ft) E.G. Slope (ft/ft) Q Total (cfs)	0.009058 Area 54.00 Flow	Area (sq ft) (sq ft) (cfs)		18.83 18.83 54.00	
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs)	2.87 Avg. 0.89 Hydr	Width (ft) Vel. (ft/s) Depth (ft) (cfs)		39.49 2.87 0.48 567.4	
Length Wtd. (ft) Min Ch El (ft) Alpha	52.71 Wett 1426.50 Shea	ed Per. (ft) or (lb/sq ft) eam Power (lb/ft	: s)	39.69 0.27 0.77	
Frctn Loss (ft) C & E Loss (ft)	0.73 Cum	Volume (acre-ft SA (acres)		0.23 0.46	
Warning: Divided flow com Warning: The conveyance r greater than 1.4. This may i	-	onveyance divide	-	conveyance)	is less than 0.7 or
CROSS SECTION					
RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20	RS: 1290.88				
INPUT Description: Station Elevation Data	num= 11				
Sta Elev Sta 0 1427.15 .55	Elev Sta 1427 2.35 1	Elev Sta .426.59 4.52	Elev Sta 1426 6.32	Elev 1425.71	
				1426.3	
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .035 0	num= 3 n Val Sta .03 130	n Val .035			
Bank Sta: Left Right 0 130	Lengths: Left Ch	annel Right .06.18 106.18	Coeff Contr.	Expan. .3	
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	file #PF 1				
E.G. Elev (ft) Vel Head (ft)		n-Val.	Left OB	Channel 0.030	Right OB
W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft) E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	1426.66 Flow 0.024189 Area	th Len. (ft) Area (sq ft) (sq ft)	106.18	106.18 18.54 18.54	106.18
Q Total (cfs)	54.00 Flow	ı (cfs) Page	4	54.00	

Top Width (ft)	79.57	Top Width (ft)	79.57
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.91	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	2.91
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	0.94	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0.23
Conv. Total (cfs)	347.2	Conv. (cfs)	347.2
Length Wtd. (ft)	106.18	Wetted Per. (ft)	79.77
Min Ch El (ft)	1425.71	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.35
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	1.02
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.18	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.21
C & E Loss (ft)	0.04	Cum SA (acres)	0.39

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical

depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: Divided flow computed for this cross-section.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate

the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated

water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The

program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE

REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20 RS: 1184.7

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevati	on Data	num=	18					
Sta Ele	v Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0 1424.3	7 7	1423.6	14	1423.8	25	1424	36	1423.8
43.5 1423.	2 52.59	1424	53.21	1423.85	54.59	1423.5	76.6	1423.5
77.99 1423.8	5 78.61	1424	85.56	1424	88.2	1424.66	89.81	1425
92.18 1425.5	9 94.29	1426	95.81	1426.38				
Manning's n Val		num=	3					
Sta n Va	ıl Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val				

				_	
Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.035	0	.03	95.81	.035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

0 95.81 43.92 43.92 1.1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev	/ (ft)	1424.42	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head	(ft)	0.01	Wt. n-Val.		0.030	
W.S. Elev	/ (ft)	1424.41	Reach Len. (ft)	43.92	43.92	43.92
Crit W.S.	(ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)		59.21	
E.G. Slop	e (ft/ft)	0.000571	Area (sq ft)		59.21	
Q Total (cfs)	54.00	Flow (cfs)		54.00	
Top Width	ı (ft)	87.20	Top Width (ft)		87.20	
Vel Total	(ft/s)	0.91	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		0.91	
Max Chl D	pth (ft)	1.21	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.68	
Conv. Tot	al (cfs)	2259.9	Conv. (cfs)		2259.9	
Length Wt	d. (ft)	43.92	Wetted Per. (ft)		87.52	
Min Ch El	(ft)	1423.20	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.02	
Alpha		1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		0.02	
Frctn Los	s (ft)	0.14	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.11	
C & E Los	s (ft)	0.02	Cum SA (acres)		0.19	

Warning: The cross-section end points had to be extended vertically for the computed water surface.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or

greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE

REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20 RS: 1140.78

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 10

Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta 0 1423.94 1.05 1423.92 5.64 1423.86 6 1423.85 18.12 1423.37 27.59 1423 50.71 1423 55.26 1423.85 69.62 1423.85 69.62 1430

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .035 0 .03 69.62 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

0 69.62 62.67 62.67 62.67 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

1424.26	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
0.22	Wt. n-Val.		0.030	
1424.03	Reach Len. (ft)	62.67	62.67	62.67
1423.96	Flow Area (sq ft)		43.02	
0.011290	Area (sq ft)		43.02	
163.70	Flow (cfs)		163.70	
69.62	Top Width (ft)		69.62	
3.80	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		3.80	
1.03	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.62	
1540.6	Conv. (cfs)		1540.6	
62.67	Wetted Per. (ft)		69.99	
1423.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.43	
1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		1.65	
0.86	Cum Volume (acre-ft)		0.06	
0.00	Cum SA (acres)		0.11	
	0.22 1424.03 1423.96 0.011290 163.70 69.62 3.80 1.03 1540.6 62.67 1423.00 1.00 0.86	0.22 Wt. n-Val. 1424.03 Reach Len. (ft) 1423.96 Flow Area (sq ft) 0.011290 Area (sq ft) 163.70 Flow (cfs) 69.62 Top Width (ft) 3.80 Avg. Vel. (ft/s) 1.03 Hydr. Depth (ft) 1540.6 Conv. (cfs) 62.67 Wetted Per. (ft) 1423.00 Shear (lb/sq ft) 1.00 Stream Power (lb/ft s) 0.86 Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.22 Wt. n-Val. 1424.03 Reach Len. (ft) 62.67 1423.96 Flow Area (sq ft) 0.011290 Area (sq ft) 163.70 Flow (cfs) 69.62 Top Width (ft) 3.80 Avg. Vel. (ft/s) 1.03 Hydr. Depth (ft) 1540.6 Conv. (cfs) 62.67 Wetted Per. (ft) 1423.00 Shear (lb/sq ft) 1.00 Stream Power (lb/ft s) 0.86 Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.22 Wt. n-Val. 0.030 1424.03 Reach Len. (ft) 62.67 62.67 1423.96 Flow Area (sq ft) 43.02 0.011290 Area (sq ft) 43.02 163.70 Flow (cfs) 163.70 69.62 Top Width (ft) 69.62 3.80 Avg. Vel. (ft/s) 3.80 1.03 Hydr. Depth (ft) 0.62 1540.6 Conv. (cfs) 1540.6 62.67 Wetted Per. (ft) 69.99 1423.00 Shear (lb/sq ft) 0.43 1.00 Stream Power (lb/ft s) 1.65 0.86 Cum Volume (acre-ft) 0.06

Warning: The cross-section end points had to be extended vertically for the computed water surface.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: FINISHED SURFACE

REACH: THALWAG 8-12-20 RS: 1078.11

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 14

Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev 1423 39.64 1422.5 19.03 1423.19 23.84 32.31 1422.57 34.1 1422.53 40.4 1422.49 51.17 1422.32 62.47 1422.16 64.13 1422.17 63.09 1422.17 101.69 1422.99 101.69 76.93 1422.9 78.08 1422.96 1430

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 19.03 .035 19.03 .03 101.69 .035

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 19.03 101.69 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	1423.40	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.25	Wt. n-Val.		0.030	
W.S. Elev (ft)	1423.15	Reach Len. (ft)			
Crit W.S. (ft)	1423.15	Flow Area (sq ft)		40.50	
<pre>E.G. Slope (ft/ft)</pre>	0.016998	Area (sq ft)		40.50	
Q Total (cfs)	163.70	Flow (cfs)		163.70	
Top Width (ft)	81.60	Top Width (ft)		81.60	
Vel Total (ft/s)	4.04	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		4.04	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	0.99	Hydr. Depth (ft)		0.50	
Conv. Total (cfs)	1255.6	Conv. (cfs)		1255.6	
Length Wtd. (ft)		Wetted Per. (ft)		81.80	
Min Ch El (ft)	1422.16	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.53	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)		2.12	
Frctn Loss (ft)		Cum Volume (acre-ft)			
C & E Loss (ft)		Cum SA (acres)			

Warning: Slope too steep for slope area to converge during supercritical flow calculations (normal depth is below critical

depth). Water surface set to critical depth.

SUMMARY OF MANNING'S N VALUES

River:FINISHED SURFACE

Reach	River Sta.	n1	n2	n3
THALWAG 8-12-20	1469.95	.035	.03	.035
THALWAG 8-12-20	1418.2	.035	.03	.035
THALWAG 8-12-20	1343.59	.035	.03	.035
THALWAG 8-12-20	1290.88	.035	.03	.035
THALWAG 8-12-20	1184.7	.035	.03	.035
THALWAG 8-12-20	1140.78	.035	.03	.035
THALWAG 8-12-20	1078.11	.035	.03	.035

Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1

Reach Slope Vel Chnl			-	Min Ch El Chl	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G.
•		•		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	
(ft/ft) (ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)						
THALWAG 8-12-20	1469.95	PF 1	54.00	1430.47	1431.71	1431.71	1431.83	
0.026313 2.78	3 19.39	94.79		1.09				
THALWAG 8-12-20	1418.2	PF 1	54.00	1429.19	1430.36	1430.36	1430.46	
0.022958 2.54	4 21.27	7 107.91		1.01				
THALWAG 8-12-20	1343.59	PF 1	54.00	1426.50	1427.39		1427.52	
0.009058 2.87	7 18.83	39.49		0.73				
THALWAG 8-12-20	1290.88	PF 1	54.00	1425.71	1426.66	1426.66	1426.79	
0.024189 2.93	l 18.54	79.57		1.06				
THALWAG 8-12-20	1184.7	PF 1	54.00	1423.20	1424.41		1424.42	
0.000571 0.93	L 59.21	L 87.20		0.20				
THALWAG 8-12-20	1140.78	PF 1	163.70	1423.00	1424.03	1423.96	1424.26	
0.011290 3.86	43.02	69.62		0.85				
THALWAG 8-12-20	1078.11	PF 1	163.70	1422.16	1423.15	1423.15	1423.40	
0.016998 4.04	40.50	81.60		1.01				

